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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/700,926 11/21/2000 Hakan Lovsen 1807-0151P 3060 11/19/2003 **EXAMINER** 2292 7590 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH ALSOMIRI, ISAM A PO BOX 747 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747

3662

DATE MAILED: 11/19/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

_ ,		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)		
		09/70	00,926	LOVSEN, HAKAN	١	
	Office Action Summary	Exam	iner	Art Unit	<u> </u>	
			A Alsomiri	3662		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	nication appears or	n the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence ac	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>21 Novemb</u>	<u>er 2000</u> .			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
	on Papers		·			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 21 November 2000 is/are: a)☒ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12)⊠ a)[* § 13)□ A si 33 a) 14)□ A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation of the attached detailed Office action companies and the second of a claim force a specific reference was included of the translation of the foreign land companies and the first senting the second of the first senting the senting the second of the first senting the second of the second of the first senting the second of	documents have documents have of the priority document do	been received. been received in a uments have been Rule 17.2(a)). certified copies not by under 35 U.S.C ence of the specific all application has be	Application No In received in this National It received. It is a provisional It	I application) Data Sheet. a specific	
Attachment			_			
2) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) P			Summary (PTO-413) Paper Not Informal Patent Application (PTo		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this

or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-3 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by

Kupfer US 5,784,022. Referring to claim 1, Kupfer discloses in figure 5 two array antennas

for determining the position of a vehicle by using radio waves which are emitted from the device

and reflected by the vehicle and received by at two array antennas [Afa and Afb], the array

antennas comprise a number of antenna elements, one of the antenna elements in the respective

array antenna constituting the phase center of the array antennas [AE5 and AE7], and wherein

the antenna elements of the array antennas are connected to one another such that the distance

between the phase centers of the array antennas included is smaller than half the width of an

individual array antenna (see figure 5, Abstract).

Referring to claim 2, Kupfer discloses in figure 5, the phase center of one array AE5 is

arranged among the antenna elements of another array antenna (interweaving).

Referring to claim 3, Kupfer discloses in figure 5, the phase centers are placed close to

each other (see figure 5 [AE5 and AE7]).

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Referring to claim 6, Kupfer teaches the azimuth angle to the vehicle is determined from an antenna position, wherein at least one pair of substantially horizontally arranged array antennas (figures 2-3 [Bb and Ba x-axis]) is arranged (see col. 7 line 50 – col. 8 line 55).

Referring to claim 7, Kupfer teaches the angle of elevation to the vehicle is determined from an antenna position, wherein at least one pair of substantially vertical arranged array antennas (figures 2-3 [Bc and Bd] y-axis) is arranged (see col. 7 line 50 – col. 8 line 55).

Referring to claim 8, it's inherent that the position of the vehicle is determined by knowledge of the azimuth angle and the angle of elevation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupfer US 5,784,022 in view of Ajioka US 5,270,724. Kupfer does not teach some of the antenna elements are at the same time connected to more than one array antenna. Ajioka teaches antenna elements are at the same time connected to more than one array antenna (see Abstract, col. 1 lines 10-19). It would have been obvious to modify Kupfer to utilize some antenna elements for more than one array to have smaller number of elements which saves costs and reduces the size of the device.

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Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kupfer US 5,784,022 in view of Ajioka US 5,270,724 and Carlson et al. US 5,166,690. it's inherent that the antenna elements which are utilized by more than one array antenna undergo a division of on the signal on the respective array antenna because the signal is shared with all the arrays or subarrays of a whole array. Kupfer is silent about amplifying the signal received. However, amplifying the received signal is well known, not only the shared antenna elements but each antenna elements. Carlson teaches a radar system using an array which comprises of a number of elements, each elements has a low noise amplifier to amplify the signal right after it is received (see Abstract, and figure 2), which reads on the claimed undergo power amplification. It would have been obvious to modify Kupfer's system to include an amplifier to amplify the received signal at each element right after it is received (which is before it is divided) to obtain a clear stronger signal for detection and processing.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The prior art cited to (Yoshida et al.; Nishikawa et al.; Strauch et al.) show various radar systems for detecting target positions using antenna arrays.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Isam A Alsomiri whose telephone number is 703-305-5702. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and every other Friday (8:30-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas H Tarcza can be reached on 703-306-4171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9326.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Isam Alsomiri

November 12, 2003

THOMAS H. TARCZA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600